Guidance for writing a Personal Emergency Evacuation Plan (PEEP)

If assistance with escape is required, the extent of such assistance should be identified in the PEEP i.e. the number of assistants and the methods to be used. These assistants may require specialist training.

1. Evacuation in an Emergency

Where disabled persons are located above the ground floor there are a number of considerations. In all the following cases the Head Porter and Deputy Head Porter will be able to give more advice and may assist with identifying Refuges and Evacuation Lifts.

1.1 Temporary Refuges
A refuge is a designated temporary safe space where disabled people can wait for assistance. A refuge area must be clearly signed and should be of sufficient size to accommodate both people using it as a refuge and any people passing through on their way out of the building.
Refuges should only be defined after consultation with the Head Porter or Deputy Head Porter as the requirements for fire separation and structure are very specific and the inclusion of a refuge in the building will also require alteration to the Building’s Fire Risk Assessment.
There are three refuge areas at St Catharine’s Island site. The first is at the entrance to the McGrath Centre, the second is opposite the lift in the underground bar and the third is at the bottom of the stairs leading from the underground car park to Kings Lane exit. All refuge points have an intercom providing communication with the porters lodge. It is the responsibility of the College to ensure that all users of the building are evacuated and not dependent on the assistance of the Fire & Rescue Service.

1.2 Lifts
Most lifts cannot be used in an emergency. Any lift used for the evacuation of disabled people should be either a “fire-fighting lift” or an “evacuation lift.” The only lift at St Catharine’s that enables egress in the event of a fire is the Bar disability lift, providing egress from the college bar out into Chapel Court. If you believe that there is a suitable lift at another University building, then the Head or Deputy Head Porter will advise on the correct procedure for using the lift as an evacuation lift and will also advise on the signage and training necessary.

1.3 Safe Routes
A PEEP should contain details of the escape route(s) the disabled person will be expected to use. Clear unobstructed gangways and floor layouts should be considered at the planning stage.
If possible horizontal evacuation routes should be sought out so that the evacuating person can move freely into an adjacent building / area without having to negotiate steps and stairs.
1.4 Equipment-

Products such as Evac-Chairs and Stair-Climbing Devices, may be used to assist disabled people to use stairways and are provided in some College buildings.

These devices provide an alternative to carrying a mobility impaired person to a place of safety. They are pieces of equipment that are stored in an appropriate location close to each Fire protected stairway. The potential user self-transfers into the device and two trained operators are required to manoeuvre the equipment out of the building.

The college has a Globex GEC6 evacuation chair located on the top floor landing of the Bull building, this can be accessed by trained staff including the duty porter when required to provide egress for disabled or non-ambulant persons from the building.

Other solutions will need to be considered for those that are unable to do so or who are unsuitable due to weight restrictions or who may need to remain in their wheelchair due to built in life support equipment. The maximum weight restriction for the Globex chair is 180k / 28st.

Some wheelchair users may be unhappy about being moved in one of these devices as they may feel insecure or may be afraid of heights. This is understandable as many wheelchair users will have little or no experience of staircases.

It is essential that operators and users are encouraged to be trained and practice use respectively.

Communication is also essential and may include the use of telephones or hand held portable radios etc.

2. Deaf and Hearing Impaired persons

Deaf people working alongside hearing colleagues / students may not require special equipment. Providing they have been made aware of what to do in the event of a fire, they will be able to see and understand the behaviour of those around them. However, deaf or hearing impaired persons working alone may need an alternative method of being alerted to an emergency. For example many alarm systems have visual indicators in the form of a flashing light, or vibrating pads and pagers may be used. The University Disability Resource Centre may help with certain requirements and can be contacted on 01223 332301.

3. Blind and Partially Sighted persons

Staff, Visitors and Students should be accompanied by designated staff to assist with evacuation and orientation training may also be necessary.
4. Training

To be effective, any egress plan depends on the ability of staff to respond efficiently. Staff will therefore require instruction, practical demonstrations and training appropriate to their responsibilities.

This may include some or all of the following elements:

- Fire drills.
- Specific training for Fire Wardens.
- Specific training in the use of Evac-Chairs and Stair Climbing Devices etc.

5. Maintenance

The college is responsible for the maintenance and testing of mobility equipment used for evacuation purposes e.g. Evac-Chairs and Stair Climbing Devices. Other equipment such as hand held portable radios etc is the responsibility of the College.

6. Public Areas

Some parts of college premises are in use out of normal office hours or may also be open to the public. Even when devices are provided to assist with evacuation of disabled persons these areas may not be staffed at a sufficient level for the required number of trained operators to be available.

It must remain a matter for the individual managers of such events or buildings to either prohibit or restrict the numbers of persons allowed within the building and who may require assistance.
Emergency Evacuation Assessment

To be completed by a competent person appointed by the Head of Department, with the assistance of the disabled person.

Name of disabled person: ……………………………………………………………………

Hearing Impairment:

1. Can you hear the fire alarm in normal circumstances?
   Yes □ No □

2. If you have difficulty in hearing the fire alarm, would a visual indicator assist?
   Yes □ No □

3. Is there to your knowledge any special or purposely designed hearing system or device available which might assist in you hearing the fire alarm more clearly?
   Yes □ No □
   Details

5. Would your response to the fire alarm being activated be helped by an assistant(s) who could provide support in the fire evacuation procedure?
   Yes □ No □
Visual Impairment:

6. Do you have a visual impairment, which would have an impact on your leaving the building unassisted in an emergency?
   Yes ☐ No ☐

7. Do you require an aid to help you move around the building for example: a cane, guide dog or other equipment?
   Yes ☐ No ☐
   Details:

8. How long does it take you to leave the building in normal circumstances from your place of work, unaided?
   Time in minutes: ____________________

9. Could you find your way to exit the building by an alternative route should your normal route be unavailable?
   Yes ☐ No ☐

10. Do you think that the speed at which you are able to leave the building, may have the potential to hold-up other people leaving the building in corridors and stairways, or that they may cause you injury as they pass you more quickly?
    Yes ☐ No ☐

11. Would tactile signage or floor surface information be of assistance to you?
    Yes ☐ No ☐
    Details:
12. Are there any other problems you would wish to highlight or solutions / measures that might assist you?

Details:

Mobility Impairment:

13. Can you leave the building unassisted?
   Yes ☐   No ☐

14. If not – do you require help from an assistant to leave the building?
   Yes ☐   No ☐

15. Do you need or use a wheelchair?
   Yes ☐   No ☐

16. Is the wheelchair required for all circumstances
   Yes ☐   No ☐
   Can it be dispensed with for short periods?
   Yes ☐   No ☐

17. Is the wheelchair a standard size or an electrically powered type with wider dimensions?
   Normal ☐   Electrical ☐   Width__________________

18. Are you able to self-transfer to an evacuation chair / stair climber if required?
   Yes ☐   No ☐

19. Could the medical nature of your disability be aggravated by the use of such a device?
   Yes ☐   No ☐
20. Has a member of staff and a deputy been assigned to assist you in an emergency?

Yes □ No □

Name(s) Details:

21. Any other problems / observations / or solutions?

Details:

GENERAL INFORMATION

22. Do you understand the concept of a Fire Refuge area?

Yes □ No □

23. Might the measures needed for you to escape from the building in an emergency adversely affect the safe escape of other occupants?

Yes □ No □

If yes, why / how?

24. Do you think that any special staff training is required to give you the assistance that you would need in an emergency?

Yes □ No □

25. Are you aware of the emergency egress procedures which operate in the building(s) in which you work or visit?

Yes □ No □

26. Do you require written emergency egress procedures?

Yes □ No □
27. Are the signs which mark the emergency exits and the routes to the exits clear enough?

Yes ☐ No ☐

28. Could you raise the alarm if you discovered a fire?

Yes ☐ No ☐

Assessment carried out by: ……………………………………… on (date) ………………………

Notes:
PERSONAL EMERGENCY ‘EVACUATION’ PLAN

Name  

Department  

Working Location  

AWARENESS OF PROCEDURE

I am alerted of the need to evacuate the building by:

- existing alarm system
- pager device
- visual alarm system
- Other (please specify)  

DESIGNATED ASSISTANCE

The following people have been designated to give me assistance to get out of the building in an emergency.

Name(s)  

Contact details  

EGRESS PROCEDURE

(Include a step by step account beginning from the first alarm).

METHODS OF ASSISTANCE

(eg: Transfer procedures, methods of guidance, etc.)

EQUIPMENT PROVIDED

(Evac-chairs, stair Climbing Device, hand held portable radios etc)

SAFE ROUTE(S)

(Attach plan if appropriate)